ARTICLE FIVE
LICENSURE, ASSIGNMENT
AND APPOINTMENT

A. Substitute Teacher Position

It is the policy of the Board to provide for the gradual elimination of the position of substitute teacher in the following manner:

1. No examination for substitute teacher of common branches will be conducted at any time after September 1, 1968, and no license will be issued after February 1, 1969.

2. No examination for any other substitute teaching license will be conducted at any time after February 1, 1969, and no license will be issued after June 30, 1969.

The Board agrees that, in the event that the steps described in 1 and 2 above are not taken, it will pay to regular substitute teachers an additional sum calculated on the basis of the percentage of their annual salary which is equal to the percentage paid by the City of New York as increased take-home pay for its provisional employees but not to exceed the percentage paid to regular teachers. The Board will also treat regular substitute teachers for salary schedule placement and increment purposes in the same way as teachers who are appointed as regular teachers.

B. Regularized Licensure

The Board of Education shall provide for the regular licensure of classroom teaching personnel consistent with the needs of the instructional program and subject to applicable law and the by-laws of the Board of Education. The Board will take the following actions:

The Board has established regular licenses valid for classroom teaching service under regular appointment, or for day-to-day per diem service, or for full-term assignment, or for other teaching service, including bi-lingual teaching. All teaching positions will be filled by persons holding such regular licenses except under the following circumstances:

1. Where a position must be filled to cover a class for which no person holding such regular license is immediately available after all efforts have been made to fill the position by a person holding such regular license;

2. Where the position covers a subject not normally taught in the public schools and is temporary in nature.

C. Provisional Teachers

1. A Certified Provisional Teacher (CPT) is a person who has not yet been appointed, who holds a New York State provisional or permanent certificate, a New York City regular license or a New York City substitute license issued on or before June 30, 1969. CPT’s do not require annual renomination.

2. A Preparatory Provisional Teacher (PPT) is a person who has not yet completed all the requirements for New York State provisional certification, but who holds a New York State temporary license. Pursuant to Commissioner’s regulations, a PPT will be eligible for annual renomination for a state temporary license for a period of three years provided that for each year of service the PPT has been rated satisfactory and has shown progress toward state provisional certification. For any PPT who satisfies these conditions the Chancellor will seek state renomination.

3. Appointments and assignments to teaching positions shall be made in accordance with state education law, Commissioner’s regulations and applicable Board of Education regulations and provisions of this Agreement. Appointments shall be made from eligible
lists of persons holding regular licenses. After all available persons with regular licenses have been appointed and where positions still remain vacant or arise during the course of the school term, certified provisional teachers shall have priority for any assignment. Where no certified provisional teacher is available for assignment, preparatory provisional teachers will be eligible for such assignment.

Except in cases of emergency, any CPT or PPT employed to fill a full term or balance of term assignment will be retained for at least the duration of that term.

D. Assignment During First Fifteen Days

A teacher who is assigned during the first fifteen (15) days of the school term to a position which is expected to be vacant for that term shall serve under the terms and conditions of this agreement which would be applicable if a regular substitute teacher were serving in that position.

E. Withdrawal of Resignation and Subsequent Reappointment

1. Requests for withdrawal of resignation on the part of teachers who attained permanent tenure prior to their resignation shall be effectuated, subject only to medical examination and the approval of the Chancellor, provided that application for such withdrawal of resignation is made on or before the opening of school in September next following five years after the effective date of resignation. In all other cases of withdrawal of resignation, the requirements of former Section 255 of the Board of Education by-laws shall continue in effect.

2. Teachers who resign and subsequently are reappointed shall be placed in the salary step at which they were at the time of resignation and shall be given the sick leave "bank" and sabbatical leave rights which they held at the time of resignation.

F. Absence Without Notice

Teachers who are absent for 20 consecutive school days without notice shall be deemed to have resigned unless they have reasonable cause for failure to notify. The issue of the reasonableness of the cause and the penalty, if any, shall be subject to the grievance procedure, including binding arbitration, set forth in Article Twenty-Two.

G. Return to Former License of Appointment

To open more opportunities to serve in the New York City public schools, and to encourage the use of shortage area licenses, the parties have agreed to the following system for license reversion, which supplements the existing procedure. This new system requires application and approval to revert to a former license and appointment. Except in unusual cases, approval will not be given to change from a shortage to a non-shortage license area. However, pedagogues serving in agreed-upon shortage areas may apply under Section 248 of the Chancellor’s Regulations to revert to a former license and appointment.

Except for pedagogues serving in agreed-upon shortage areas, pedagogues who have been previously appointed under different license(s) may apply to serve under any such license(s) according to the following guidelines:

1. The former license was validated by serving one year satisfactorily under that license and is still valid, and
2. The most recent three years of active service have been rated satisfactory, and
3. A vacancy in the school, district or city exists in the former license.

A pedagogue whose application to return to a former license is approved will be placed at the next reorganization in a vacant position in the same school or program in
which he/she is serving. If no such vacancy exists he/she will be placed in a vacancy in the same community school district or superintendency. If no vacancy exists in the community school district or superintendency, the Division of Human Resources will place the pedagogue in a vacancy in the city.

For the purpose of this provision, a vacancy is defined as an unencumbered position, an anticipated vacancy, or a position currently held by a substitute.

A pedagogue who returns to a former license must serve a minimum of two school years in the license before being eligible to apply again under this provision.

A pedagogue who reverts to a license in an agreed-upon shortage area pursuant to this provision has the right to return to the license from which he/she reverted after at least two years of service in the shortage area.

H. New Arts Licenses

In consequence of the creation of pre-kindergarten - grade 12 licenses for art, dance, vocal music and orchestral music ("the new arts licenses") the following is agreed upon with respect to contractual implementation for teachers impacted by the new arts licenses:

1. Teachers who have completed probation in any license and are also state certified in a specific arts area and have taught for three years satisfactorily in the specific arts area will be grandfathered into the new license for all contractual purposes; however, for completion of probation in the new arts licenses, a teacher must serve one year under the new arts license.

2. Appointed teachers who have taught satisfactorily for three years in a specific arts area but who do not currently hold state certification in the specific arts area and who commit to an education plan to achieve state certification by September 1, 2005 will be considered for seniority purposes with licensed probationary teachers in the specific arts area. However, for completion of probation in the new arts licenses, the teacher must serve one year under the new arts license.

3. Teachers serving under any of the four new arts licenses may transfer pursuant to Article 18A only within the level (elementary, middle/junior high school or high school) in which they completed probation in the new arts license.

4. Upon their request, Article 17C (Appointment to New Program, Licenses or Title) shall apply to teachers who are displaced by the establishment of the new licenses.